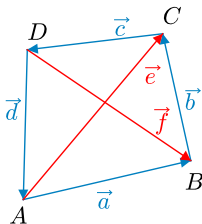
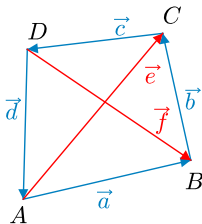


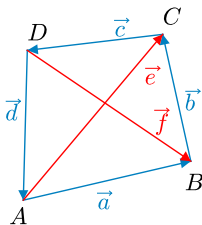
Příklad 5

Úhlopříčky čtyřúhelníku $ABCD$ jsou navzájem kolmé, právě když pro délky jeho stran platí rovnost $a^2 + c^2 = b^2 + d^2$.
Dokažte.

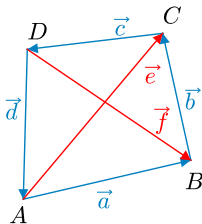




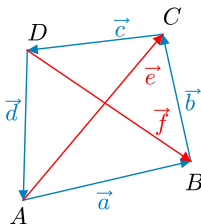
$$a^2 + c^2 = b^2 + d^2 \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad |\vec{a}|^2 + |\vec{c}|^2 - |\vec{b}|^2 - |\vec{d}|^2 = 0 \quad \Leftrightarrow$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 a^2 + c^2 = b^2 + d^2 &\Leftrightarrow |\vec{a}|^2 + |\vec{c}|^2 - |\vec{b}|^2 - |\vec{d}|^2 = 0 \quad \Leftrightarrow \\
 &\Leftrightarrow |\vec{e} - \vec{b}|^2 + |-\vec{e} - \vec{d}|^2 - |\vec{b}|^2 - |\vec{d}|^2 = 0 \quad \Leftrightarrow
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 a^2 + c^2 = b^2 + d^2 &\Leftrightarrow |\vec{a}|^2 + |\vec{c}|^2 - |\vec{b}|^2 - |\vec{d}|^2 = 0 \Leftrightarrow \\
 &\Leftrightarrow |\vec{e} - \vec{b}|^2 + |-\vec{e} - \vec{d}|^2 - |\vec{b}|^2 - |\vec{d}|^2 = 0 \Leftrightarrow \\
 \Leftrightarrow |\vec{e}|^2 + \underline{|\vec{b}|^2} - 2\vec{e} \cdot \vec{b} + |\vec{e}|^2 + \underline{|\vec{d}|^2} + 2\vec{e} \cdot \vec{d} - \underline{|\vec{b}|^2} - \underline{|\vec{d}|^2} &= 0 \Leftrightarrow
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 a^2 + c^2 &= b^2 + d^2 \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad |\vec{a}|^2 + |\vec{c}|^2 - |\vec{b}|^2 - |\vec{d}|^2 = 0 \quad \Leftrightarrow \\
 &\Leftrightarrow \quad |\vec{e} - \vec{b}|^2 + |-\vec{e} - \vec{d}|^2 - |\vec{b}|^2 - |\vec{d}|^2 = 0 \quad \Leftrightarrow \\
 \Leftrightarrow \quad |\vec{e}|^2 + \underline{|\vec{b}|^2} - 2\vec{e} \cdot \vec{b} + |\vec{e}|^2 + \underline{|\vec{d}|^2} + 2\vec{e} \cdot \vec{d} - \underline{|\vec{b}|^2} - \underline{|\vec{d}|^2} &= 0 \quad \Leftrightarrow \\
 \Leftrightarrow \quad 2\vec{e} \cdot (\vec{e} - \vec{b} + \vec{d}) &= 0 \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad \vec{e} \cdot (-\vec{c} - \vec{b}) = 0 \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad \vec{e} \cdot \vec{f} = 0 \quad \square
 \end{aligned}$$